



THURSDAY EVENING, AUG. 29, 1901.

"It is just such people as you that prevents the building up of a republican party in the South." J. Hampton Hoge, the gentleman whom President Cleveland kicked out of office and the nominee of the republican party for governor is said to have applied this language to A. W. Harris, a colored delegate from Virginia to the national republican convention at Philadelphia in June 1900. Indeed this man Harris is considered among the brightest of his race in this State, and was, until recently, one of the bright particular stars at any convention where the black and tan mingled. Reports from the late convention in Roanoke show that he was treated with scant courtesy and when he endeavored to speak was made to sit down. Of course this will have no effect on his colored brethren who take their orders from the white leaders, those leaders who have stepped to position and place and power on the necks of their ignorant black dupes. The constitutional convention has, or is having, its effect on the white republican leaders in the State and they are now on the verge of leaving their colored brothers to their fate. One will experience no surprise at acrobatic political feats upon the part of the republican party in the southern States. There is a legendary story, once current among members of the bar, told of a brilliant but erratic lawyer of a former generation. Engaged upon one occasion, at short notice, to argue an important case, let us say before the Court of Appeals, the brilliant advocate, to the consternation of his client and his colleagues, when his turn came to speak, delivered a most convincing argument in favor of the opposite side to that which he was employed to represent. When remonstrated with at the hour of recess, during a suspension of the argument, and enlightened as to his mistake he promptly replied: "O! I can set that all right." Accordingly, when the court reassembled the lawyer, without betraying the least embarrassment or composure, quietly proceeded: "Now, your Honor, I have endeavored to set forth to the best of my ability the case as I suppose it will be presented by our learned opponents. Having thus, fairly I trust, anticipated their argument, I will now proceed to show how easily it can be answered."

Major William E. Foster, State Senator from the Norfolk district, died in that city yesterday.

The democrats of the Middlesex district yesterday nominated G. Boyd Sears for the State Senate.

The Atlantic Hotel, Norfolk, has been sold to R. Lancaster Williams and associates, of Richmond for \$300,000.

Out of the militia appointment of \$1,000,000 made to the States and Territories Virginia will receive \$25,490.

The horse show at Warrenton opened yesterday. Among the entries were several by Mr. C. H. Smith, of Alexandria.

Mr. Thomas Henderson, a well-known citizen of King George county, died last night at his home, near Passapatan.

Mr. John R. Hall dropped dead in his orchard at The Plains, Fauquier county, on Friday evening last, aged 67 years.

Mr. C. D. Hammerly, of Leesburg, sold last week his "Springvale" farm, in Dranesville district, Fairfax county, containing 457 acres, to Mr. Olen Jenkins for \$16 per acre.

Miss Amanda Dmohoe died at her home, near North Fork, Loudoun county, August 19, in her 89th year. She was the last surviving member of a well-known family of Loudoun county. The family was noted for their longevity.

A very sad drowning occurred in Glebe creek, Northumberland county, on Sunday. Three children of Mr. George Reamy, two daughters and one son, grown, and a Mr. Gowen were out in a small sailboat, which was capsized by a sudden squall. The son and one daughter were thrown so far from the boat that, being unable to reach it or to swim, they were drowned before assistance could reach them. The others were saved by clinging to the boat.

ACTING SECRETARY HACKETT, of the Navy Department, could not take notice of a "mere newspaper report" that Admiral Howison had expressed a positive opinion on the case in which he is to act as judge, but a "mere newspaper report" that Captain Forsythe had ventured to allude to the cause of the Sampson-Schley imbroglio called forth an immediate demand for an explanation and threats of a court-martial. As suggested by the Philadelphia North American Acting Secretary Hackett may be trying hard to be fair, but he is making a conspicuous failure of the effort. He seems to have been hypnotized by the Crownshield Bureau of Defamation.

A CORONER'S jury in Washington county, Maryland, has rendered distinguished public service in charging with murder and ordering the arrest of a humorist who rooked a boat, capsized it and drowned a girl. Nothing short of a long term in prison will cure a boat-robbing fool of his folly, and it is barely possible that making an example of one of the malevolent tribe may have a deterrent influence on the rest. It is now in order for some jury to bring to condign punishment the man who points the unloaded gun or pistol at his friend.

McKEESPORT, Pa., is not exactly a

safe place for strangers these days. Any man who does not belong in the city, if pointed out to one of the city policemen, is likely to be arrested, and if he cannot prove that he is on a peaceful errand, without putting the police to too much trouble, he will have to go to the workhouse. The main charge is that those not members of labor unions are guilty of looking for work, and Mayor Black says it is not a healthy town to which to seek employment. And this in Pennsylvania!

THE MANUFACTURERS of plows have arranged to advance the price of their product 10 per cent. The excuse made for the advance is the increased price of steel caused by the strike. The farmer who pays more for his utensils cannot get back his money without advancing the price of bread and meat, and so in the round of the markets the striker finds that the boomerang aimed at his employer finally comes back to him.

FROM WASHINGTON.

(Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.)

Washington, August 28.

News is expected at the Navy department today of the arrival of the battleship Iowa at Acapulco, Mexico, on her way to Panama. In view of the recent reports from Consul General Guder at Panama to the effect that everything is quiet on the isthmus, the disturbances being confined to a few desultory robberies of Chinese stores, it is said to be possible that orders may be sent to the Iowa when she reaches Acapulco, to return to San Francisco. Both the Navy and State departments are now convinced that there is no necessity for the presence of a battleship on either side of the isthmus.

As anticipated, the President has selected William Barrett Bidley, son-in-law of Senator Cullom, to succeed Controller of the Currency Dawes. Several workmen were this morning seriously injured, and others are believed to be buried under the debris of a falling scaffold used in putting a new roof over the Supreme Court room in the Capitol.

The secret service bureau was informed today of the arrest, near Huntington, Oregon, on the Snake river, of E. R. Coon and "Bud" Butts, charged with manufacturing counterfeit \$5 gold coins. Dies and other parts of the outfit were taken. Coon has confessed. The \$5 coins have been extensively circulated in the northwest.

S. C. Kerns was today appointed postmaster of Rock Springs, Freerick county, Va., to succeed B. T. Kerns, deceased.

The much-talked-of legal battle which the Knights of Labor and the American Trust League proposed to make against the Steel Trust about to materialize. The legal committee of these two organizations has been in session for the past two days drafting an application for a mandamus to compel Attorney General Knox to withdraw his suit against the trust under the Sherman anti-trust law. The committee expects to furnish the court positive proof that the trust is violating the law and on the strength of this information ask the court to order the Attorney General to act.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

Major William E. Foster, State Senator from the Norfolk district, died in that city yesterday.

The democrats of the Middlesex district yesterday nominated G. Boyd Sears for the State Senate.

The Atlantic Hotel, Norfolk, has been sold to R. Lancaster Williams and associates, of Richmond for \$300,000.

Out of the militia appointment of \$1,000,000 made to the States and Territories Virginia will receive \$25,490.

The horse show at Warrenton opened yesterday. Among the entries were several by Mr. C. H. Smith, of Alexandria.

Mr. Thomas Henderson, a well-known citizen of King George county, died last night at his home, near Passapatan.

Mr. John R. Hall dropped dead in his orchard at The Plains, Fauquier county, on Friday evening last, aged 67 years.

Mr. C. D. Hammerly, of Leesburg, sold last week his "Springvale" farm, in Dranesville district, Fairfax county, containing 457 acres, to Mr. Olen Jenkins for \$16 per acre.

Miss Amanda Dmohoe died at her home, near North Fork, Loudoun county, August 19, in her 89th year. She was the last surviving member of a well-known family of Loudoun county. The family was noted for their longevity.

A very sad drowning occurred in Glebe creek, Northumberland county, on Sunday. Three children of Mr. George Reamy, two daughters and one son, grown, and a Mr. Gowen were out in a small sailboat, which was capsized by a sudden squall. The son and one daughter were thrown so far from the boat that, being unable to reach it or to swim, they were drowned before assistance could reach them. The others were saved by clinging to the boat.

Wm. C. Whitney, in an interview, says he is out of politics and will never again take an active interest in political affairs. "I am sixty years old," he said, "and am enjoying myself thoroughly. I quit politics eight years ago. At that time Mr. Cleveland offered me any office at his disposal."

THE CONVENTION.

William E. Cameron, governor of Virginia, 20 years ago, made a brilliant speech in the constitutional convention yesterday and which was a reply to Mr. Wyso's. It was in opposition to his amendment to the preamble and bill of rights, which recommends submitting the work of the constitutional convention to vote of the electorate as now constituted, and was equally opposed to proclaiming the new constitution. His speech was an able and clear-cut exposition of the inherent rights of the people, and the power of the convention, and while he declared in favor of submitting the constitution to an electorate, he guardedly failed to specify or characterize the length to which he was willing to go. The ablest and strongest part of the speech was devoted to a plea to lay all propositions on the table when all would know better how to proceed in regard to submission. He claimed the convention could proclaim the constitution or submit it to an abridged electorate.

Mr. Wyso, in one of his frequent interruptions, asked how the member from Petersburg would vote on the question of submission. He declined to answer, but subsequently declared amid tremendous applause that it was not the intention of the convention to submit the constitution to the 146,000 negroes of the State.

It will probably be Saturday before the debate closes. It is possible that no vote will then be reached, but that the subject will be postponed or tabled until the constitution has been adopted. Mr. Wescott presented petitions from churches in his district on the subject of the liquor traffic and approving the Barbour Quarles resolution.

Numerous petitions were presented on the subjects of the liquor traffic and the terms of clerks of courts by various members. Others related to the subject of homestead exemptions. Mr. Braxton offered one from the bar at Staunton, praying for longer terms of court clerks.

The committee on education held an executive session yesterday and voted that the board of public instruction should consist of the governor, attorney general, superintendent of public instruction, and the heads of the following institutions: University of Virginia, Virginia Military Institute, William and Mary College, Normal School of Farmville, and the Polytechnic Institute at Blacksburg.

FOR A FOUR YEARS' TERM.

Mr. R. Walton Moore, chairman of the committee on the legislative department, made the report of that committee yesterday to the constitutional convention. It provides a four years' term for members of both House and Senate, and provides what officers are not eligible to election. The following is a synopsis of the report:

"The committee on the legislative department, except such matters as come within the jurisdiction of other standing committees, begs leave to submit the report.

"Article V of the present constitution has relation to the legislative department. Several sections of that article are adopted without any modification whatever. Others are only slightly modified. By modifying some and adding new sections, a number of material changes are made, of which the following briefly indicated are the most important.

"1. Members of the House of Delegates are to be elected for a term of four years and members of the Senate for a term of four years.

"2. Persons holding certain county, city, and other offices are disqualified from serving in the General Assembly.

"3. Members of the General Assembly are to be ineligible to any civil office of profit or elective office of the people.

"4. Regular sessions of the General Assembly are to be quadrennial, beginning the second Wednesday in January. Such sessions are to continue ninety days and extra sessions are to continue thirty days and the members are not to receive compensation beyond the ninety-day limit.

"5. Safeguards are thrown around the enactment of laws by requiring that every bill, except a codification bill or emergency measure, shall be referred to a standing committee and read on three different days in each House; printed for the use of members; passed in each House by a recorded vote of two-fifths of the members thereof; and publicly signed by the presiding officer of each House.

"6. The General Assembly is to be almost entirely relieved of the right to enact special, private, and local laws.

"7. Barring general appropriation acts and emergency acts, no law is to take effect until ninety days after the adjournment of the General Assembly.

"8. In the exercise of the power of eminent domain, compensation is to be allowed to owners of property damaged, as well as to the owners of that actually taken.

"9. The expense incident to sessions of the General Assembly is to be greatly curtailed.

"Section 21 of Article V is omitted.

"Section 4 of Article V, respecting apportionment, is omitted, until the convention shall decide what committee has charge of that matter.

"All resolutions and ordinances referred to the committee have received careful consideration. Those approved are substantially embodied in the sections recommended. Many are disapproved simply upon the ground that the subjects which they embrace may be more appropriately dealt with by the General Assembly than by the convention. Others are beyond the jurisdiction of this committee.

"Section 5. Any person may be elected Senator who at the time of election is actually a resident within the district and qualified to vote for members of the General Assembly and eligible to office according to this constitution, and any person may be elected a member of the House of Delegates who, at the time of election, is actually a resident within the county, city, town, or election district and qualified to vote for members of the General Assembly and eligible to office according to this constitution. But no person holding a salaried office under the United States government or under the State government, and no judge of any court, attorney for the commonwealth, sheriff, sergeant, treasurer, assessor of taxes, commissioner of the revenue, collector of taxes, or clerk of any court shall be a member of either house of the General Assembly during his continuance in office, and the election of any such person to either house of the General Assembly shall vacate any such office held by him. The removal of any person elected to either house of the General Assembly, from the city, county, town, or district for which he is elected shall vacate his office."

Mr. Snowden said: "You ask for \$435 for a sewer under King street from Royal to Pitt; why did the sewer under King street, from Royal to Fairfax, the same distance, cost \$800?"

Mr. Dunn replied that he had not laid the sewer in question.

Mr. Sparks explained the difference in the cost of the two sewers, saying that the one he had laid was longer, etc. He had done \$200 worth of work for which he had not been paid.

Mr. Snowden said that the work might have been worth \$1,000, but he had been told that it could have been done for \$300 less than was paid for it. Some discussion followed, after which Mr. Leadbeater again took up the subject of the \$1,900 appropriation. He said that no discussion to Mr. Snowden had been intended. The bill had received 11 votes Tuesday night and it was thought that Mr. Snowden and

CITY COUNCIL.

At the called meeting of the City Council last night plans for the paving of King street from the river to Fayette street with vitrified brick, and for the improving of Alfred street from King to Queen with the same material were accelerated, and the initiative having been taken the work will as soon as practicable be commenced. Resolutions appropriating money for a sewer on King street from Fairfax street to the river and from Royal to Pitt street on King were also passed, together with a resolution providing for house connections to the King street sewer from Pitt to Alfred street.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

Seven Aldermen were present and the business was transacted without discussion.

A communication was received from Mayor Simpson giving his reasons for calling the meeting, after which Mr. Burke presented a bill of Dr. Edward A. Gorman, \$5, for sewing up the head of a man named Frank Sherman at the station house, Sherman, it will be remembered, had been struck by an officer while resisting arrest.

It was at first determined to refer the bill to the finance committee, but subsequently the question was raised as to the duties of the Physician to the Poor in case a prisoner who is a stranger and indigent needs surgical aid. It was finally deemed proper to refer the bill to the committee on claims and general laws.

A recess was then declared while waiting for business from the lower board.

Upon being called to order the Aldermen concurred in the action of the Common Council on the ordinance for paving with vitrified brick King street from Royal to Fayette, Alfred from King to Queen, and King from Union to the river; also for a sewer on King street from Fairfax to the river, house connections from Pitt to Alfred on King and for a sewer on King street from Royal to Pitt.

COMMON COUNCIL.

There were fourteen members present when the board was called to order shortly after 8 o'clock.

President Paff read the Mayor's communication stating that he had convened Council at the request of six members to consider the appropriation for a sewer under King street, from Fairfax street to the river, and such other matters as Council might see fit to bring up.

Mr. Leadbeater said that in his committee reporting back to Council so promptly on this measure it must not be thought that they slighted their task. He said that the matter had been thoroughly discussed before the bill had been introduced Tuesday night. He suggested that the City Engineer be requested to explain the necessity for the sewer.

Mr. Johnson thought that Mr. Dunn should explain for the benefit of those who did not see the need for the sewer. Mr. Dunn said the project was critical, not because the sewer was not a necessity, but because there were now sewers under King street and one under Market alley, that it was thought should do the work. He said that one sewer belonged to W. H. May and the other to Burke & Herbert. The outlets to these sewers are 18 inches beneath low tide and they are inadequate. The Burke & Herbert sewer, he said, was badly constructed. He said that the new paving would not be completed without a proper sewer, but whether sewerage or surface drainage was wanted at this point was a question for Council to decide.

The clerk then read the resolution appropriating \$1,900 for the construction of the sewer under the south side of King street, beginning at a point 70 feet east of Fairfax street and running east to the river, and the report of the street committee recommending that the appropriation be made.

Mr. Snowden said that he had stated Tuesday night that it was not his purpose to oppose the matter and only wanted time to make some inquiries concerning it, and having made that statement his hands were now tied. He said, however, that he had expected some courtesy to be shown himself and his colleague, but he was surprised at nothing.

On Tuesday night after the adjournment of Council met the City Engineer to get some information concerning the sewer and had intended on Wednesday morning to go over the question with the officer, of the necessity for this sewer, but that when on his way to the engineer's office he had been informed that a special meeting of Council had already been called to pass the measure. He was opposed to hasty legislation and instanced several cases where the city had to pay double for such legislation. Mr. Dunn had said that the sewer would not be necessary if Council decided on surface drainage at this point, and he questioned if it would not be better to continue surface drainage on both sides of King street.

Mr. Burke objected to the ordinance offered on the ground that it was not specific enough. He said it should provide for cleaning at stated intervals and should be more stringent in other particulars. He thought that the janitor could be entrusted with the care of the clock for a short while longer, or until a proper ordinance could be prepared.

Mr. McCuen suggested that the corporation attorney be requested to prepare an ordinance. After some further discussion Mr. Brill withdrew his bill.

Permission was granted Mr. Battimore to renege a house on north Patrick street.

A bill of Dr. E. A. Gorman for \$5 for surgical assistance rendered Frank Sherman, a tramp, was allowed by the upper board and Common Council concurred in their action.

Mr. McCuen asked, "Who is Sherman?"

The board then adjourned.

Deafness Cannot be Cured by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous lining.

We give One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CROWEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Salvation Oil the best liniment Regular bottle, 15 cts.; large bottle, 25 cts. Greatest cure on earth for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Soreness, Sprains, Swellings, Stiffness, Bruises, Wounds, Swellings, Burns and Frost Bites. Salvation Oil kills all pain Sold by Richard Gibson and all druggists.

The laws of health require that the bowels move once each day and one of the penalties for violating this law is piles. Keep your bowels regular by taking a dose of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets when necessary and you will never have that severe punishment inflicted upon you. Price, 25 cents. For sale by Richard Gibson, druggist.

O. O. Buck, Belton, Ark., says: I was troubled with constipation until I bought DeWitt's Little Early Bitters. Since then I have been entirely cured of my old complaint. I recommend them. For sale by E. S. Leadbeater & Sons.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

The Convention.

Richmond, Va., Aug. 29.—In the Constitutional Convention today Messrs. Richmond, Pedigo and Summers spoke against proclaiming the constitution. No other business was done.

Foreign News.

Paris, Aug. 29.—It is semi-officially announced that King Alfonso of Spain will shortly visit France accompanied by General Weyler, the Spanish minister of war, and other officers. After visiting Paris, Alfonso will continue his journey to Berlin and other capitals.

Vienna, Aug. 29.—A dispatch from Constantinople says that Izet Bey, Abdul Hamid's secretary, is urging the Sultan to precipitate conflict with France by expelling all French residents from Turkey. The Sultan, however, cannot afford his courage up to this point. The Turkish press, according to the dispatch, is inciting the people against the "Gaiours," and the Russian, Italian and British ambassadors have telegraphed their governments advising the sending of warships to Turkish ports where European residents reside.

Paris, Aug. 29.—M. Constant, the French Ambassador to Turkey, who left Constantinople on Aug. 28th, because the promises of the Porte relative to the settlement of French claims had not been fulfilled, arrived in Paris this morning. The Ambassador stated that he would not return to Constantinople until the termination of the trouble. Immediately after his arrival, M. Constant, visited the Foreign office, where he was closeted for some time with M. Delcasse, the Foreign minister.

Bucharest, Roumania, Aug. 29.—Advocates state that 300,000 Russian troops have mobilized in Bessarabia, a government of Roumania. The commanders are drilling incessantly and telling their men that great exploits are imminent. Roumanian, the paper says, is greatly agitated by fears that Russia is planning a Balkan coup.

Glasgow, Aug. 29.—Two serious fires occurred in Glasgow today. One at Tennant's Brewery did over a quarter of a million dollars damage and the other at Arroll's bridge engineering establishment was attended with a loss of \$35,000.

Gibraltar, Aug. 29.—The British Mediterranean squadron sailed eastward today. It is believed that the ultimate destination of the squadron is Turkish waters, and that the British government is prepared should an international complication arise from the present strained relations between France and Turkey.

London, Aug. 29.—A prominent diplomat said today regarding the telegram received from Bucharest, to the effect that Russia had mobilized 300,000 troops in Bessarabia: "We all know that the time is coming when Russia will believe circumstances are ripe, and she will take Constantinople when this time comes. The trouble will be started by some such dispute as the present one between France and Turkey, but we do not believe that Russia is yet ready. If the Bucharest telegram is accurate it puts a serious phase on the situation. Russia has mobilized 300,000 troops for 250 years and has never used them in a war. The fact that England's mobilization in South Africa is this favorable chance with France's help."

The Strike.

McKeesport, Pa., Aug. 29.—There are no new developments in the strike situation here this morning. Great activity in labor circles prevails. All was quiet during the night at the Demmler tin plate mill, only a few strikers doing picket duty. No attempt to start was made. A strikers' benefit baseball game was played here yesterday afternoon from which was realized \$100. After the game a labor rally was held at which addresses were made. The feature of this demonstration was the booming of Mayor Black, for Judge and Congress, "where he will see that justice is done all men."

Hazleton, Pa., Aug. 29.—Nothing of importance occurred at the United Mine Workers' convention this morning. The great question now agitating the miners is how they will restrict the output of coal without appearing inconsistent and forfeiting public opinion. The impression prevails to some extent that a radical measure ought to be taken with regard to the matter.

New York, Aug. 29.—U. S. Steel Corporation officials view with indifference the proposed plan of the Grand Master Workmen of the Knights of Labor to expel a settlement of the steel strike by arbitration. The steel officials take the stand that there is no strike and therefore there is nothing to arbitrate. Wall street this morning upites in the belief that the steel trust will take no cognizance of Burr's open letter. It is said at the Schwab and Morgan offices that no representatives of the national civic federation had called there today.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 29.—Simon Buras, head of the glass blowers union, announced today that President Schwab, of the steel trust, has rejected his proposal of arbitration for the steel workers' strike.

McKeesport, Pa., Aug. 29.—Mayor Black today received communication from the American Tin Plate Company making a formal demand for police protection, stating that the company intended starting its plant here next week. This is the first official announcement relative to the time the Demmler mill would be started. The action of the company informally demanding police protection from Mayor Black, may mean that the company contemplates making a test case in the event of the mayor refusing to comply with the request.

Hanna at a Farmers' Picnic.

Cleveland, O., Aug. 29.—Senator Hanna appeared yesterday as the star speaker at a picnic at Burgess Grove which was attended by 4,000 farmers and their wives. The Sons or Squatted in the grass and discussed chicken pie and crops and the farmers, then he rose to speak, but as religion and politics were barred, he was at a loss what to say, but finally said he would stop talking to the long-winded, gray-headed and bald-headed farmers, and talk to the ladies. He then said with a chuckle, but he could not continue until he got a rise out of the crowd by leading McKinley.

The Market.

Georgetown, Aug. 29.—Wheat 65 7/8.

What most people want is something mild and gentle, when in need of a physic. Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets fill the bill to a dot. They are easy to take and pleasant in effect. For sale by Richard Gibson, druggist.

If the action of your bowels is not easy and regular serious complications may be the final result. DeWitt's Little Early Bitters will remove this danger. Safe, pleasant and effective. For sale by E. S. Leadbeater & Sons.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

The Convention.

Richmond, Va., Aug. 29.—In the Constitutional Convention today Messrs. Richmond, Pedigo and Summers spoke against proclaiming the constitution. No other business was done.

Foreign News.

Paris, Aug. 29.—It is semi-officially announced that King Alfonso of Spain will shortly visit France accompanied by General Weyler, the Spanish minister of war, and other officers. After visiting Paris, Alfonso will continue his journey to Berlin and other capitals.

Vienna, Aug. 29.—A dispatch from Constantinople says that Izet Bey, Abdul Hamid's secretary, is urging the Sultan to precipitate conflict with France by expelling all French residents from Turkey. The Sultan, however, cannot afford his courage up to this point. The Turkish press, according to the dispatch, is inciting the people against the "Gaiours," and the Russian, Italian and British ambassadors have telegraphed their governments advising the sending of warships to Turkish ports where European residents reside.

Paris, Aug. 29.—M. Constant, the French Ambassador to Turkey, who left Constantinople on Aug. 28th, because the promises of the Porte relative to the settlement of French claims had not been fulfilled, arrived in Paris this morning. The Ambassador stated that he would not return to Constantinople until the termination of the trouble. Immediately after his arrival, M. Constant, visited the Foreign office, where he was closeted for some time with M. Delcasse, the Foreign minister.

Bucharest, Roumania, Aug. 29.—Advocates state that 300,000 Russian troops have mobilized in Bessarabia, a government of Roumania. The commanders are drilling incessantly and telling their men that great exploits are imminent. Roumanian, the paper says, is greatly agitated by fears that Russia is planning a Balkan coup.

Glasgow, Aug. 29.—Two serious fires occurred in Glasgow today. One at Tennant's Brewery did over a quarter of a million dollars damage and the other at Arroll's bridge engineering establishment was attended with a loss of \$35,000.

Gibraltar, Aug. 29.—The British Mediterranean squadron sailed eastward today. It is believed that the ultimate destination of the squadron is Turkish waters, and that the British government is prepared should an international complication arise from the present strained relations between France and Turkey.

London, Aug. 29.—A prominent diplomat said today regarding the telegram received from Bucharest, to the effect that Russia had mobilized 300,000 troops in Bessarabia: "We all know that the time is coming when Russia will believe circumstances are ripe, and she will take Constantinople when this time comes. The trouble will be started by some such dispute as the present one between France and Turkey, but we do not believe that Russia is yet ready. If the Bucharest telegram is accurate it puts a serious phase on the situation. Russia has mobilized 300,000 troops for 250 years and has never used them in a war. The fact that England's mobilization in South Africa is this favorable chance with France's help."

The Strike.

McKeesport, Pa., Aug. 29.—There are no new developments in the strike situation here this morning. Great activity in labor circles prevails. All was quiet during the night at the Demmler tin plate mill, only a few strikers doing picket duty. No attempt to start was made. A strikers' benefit baseball game was played here yesterday afternoon from which was realized \$100. After the game a labor rally was held at which addresses were made. The feature of this demonstration was the booming of Mayor Black, for Judge and Congress, "where he will see that justice is done all men."

Hazleton, Pa., Aug. 29.—Nothing of importance occurred at the United Mine Workers' convention this morning. The great question now agitating the miners is how they will restrict the output of coal without appearing inconsistent and forfeiting public opinion. The impression prevails to some extent that a radical measure ought to be taken with regard to the matter.

New York, Aug. 29.—U. S. Steel Corporation officials view with indifference the proposed plan of the Grand Master Workmen of the Knights of Labor to expel a settlement of the steel strike by arbitration. The steel officials take the stand that there is no strike and therefore there is nothing to arbitrate. Wall street this morning upites in the belief that the steel trust will take no cognizance of Burr's open letter. It is said at the Schwab and Morgan offices that no representatives of the national civic federation had called there today.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 29.—Simon Buras, head of the glass blowers union, announced today that President Schwab, of the steel trust, has rejected his proposal of arbitration for the steel workers' strike.

McKeesport, Pa., Aug. 29.—Mayor Black today received communication from the American Tin Plate Company making a formal demand for police protection, stating that the company intended starting its plant here next week. This is the first official announcement relative to the time the Demmler mill would be started. The action of the company informally demanding police protection from Mayor Black, may mean that the company contemplates making a test case in the event of the mayor refusing to comply with the request.

Hanna at a Farmers' Picnic.

Cleveland, O., Aug. 29.—Senator Hanna appeared yesterday as the star speaker at a picnic at Burgess Grove which was attended by 4,000 farmers and their wives. The Sons or Squatted in the grass and discussed chicken pie and crops and the farmers, then he rose to speak, but as religion and politics were barred, he was at a loss what to say, but finally said he would stop talking to the long-winded, gray-headed and bald-headed farmers, and talk to the ladies. He then said with a chuckle, but he could not continue until he got a rise out of the crowd by leading McKinley.

The Market